UPDATING ELECTRONIC CHARTS USING ADS-B BROADCAST SERVICES

Presented to

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INTENT

- Structure a global electronic data base update and distribution process centered on WGS 84 geo data that would be fully ICAO Annex 15 compliant.
- Initial Operational Objectives:
 - Provide graphical Temporary Flight Restriction (TFR) depictions to users
 - Ensure that "own-ship" moving map applications utilizing airport map databases do not provide false or misleading information.

OBJECTIVES

- To create a common information Internetbased network, providing data:
 - To any user
 - At any time
 - Anywhere

SCOPE

- Approach based upon the aircraft receiving timely database updates prior to departure along with inflight updates using ADS-B broadcast services.
- Scope encompasses "permanent" and "temporary" changes IAW ICAO Annex 15.
- Terrain, obstacle and all charts included within scope.

"PRODUCT SCOPE" DEFINED

- Airport diagrams
- Departure procedures / SIDs
- IFR en route charts
- VFR charts
- Arrival procedures / STARs
- Precision approach charts
 - Includes RNP-based VNAV / LNAV approaches

PRODUCT SCOPE (Cont.)

- Non-precision approach charts
- Visual approach charts
- Noise abatement charts
- Engine-out procedures

ARCHITECTURE

- System-level architecture includes:
 - AIS / FIS ground server and interfaces
 - Aircraft systems

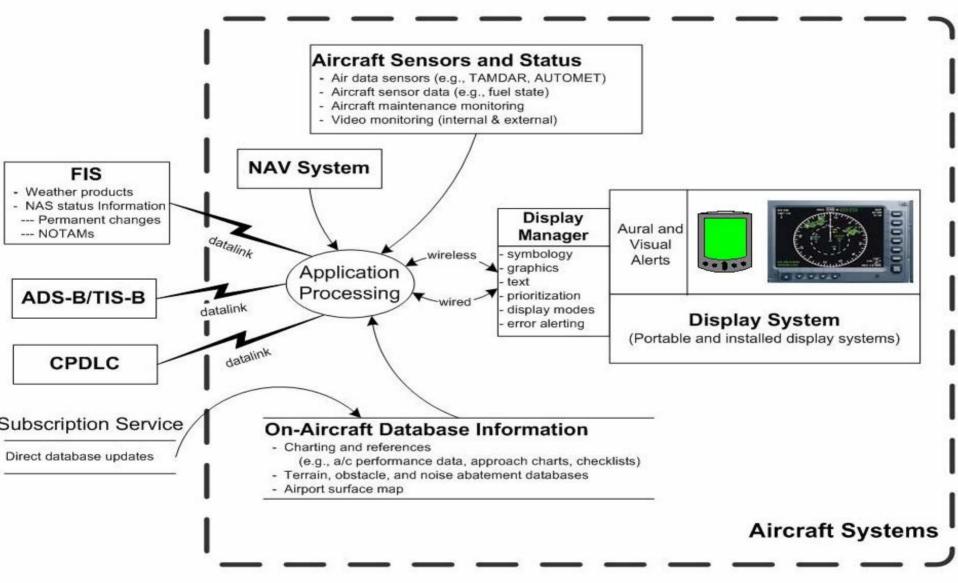
DATA SOURCES

- Concept based on data originator / source provider performing "Direct data entry" into an AIS / FIS server maintained by the FAA
 - Potential breakthrough if source providers could be certified and approved to provide and enter data on a continuous basis.
- Common formatting standards would result in uniform data allowing timely routeoriented database updates.

High-Level Architecture

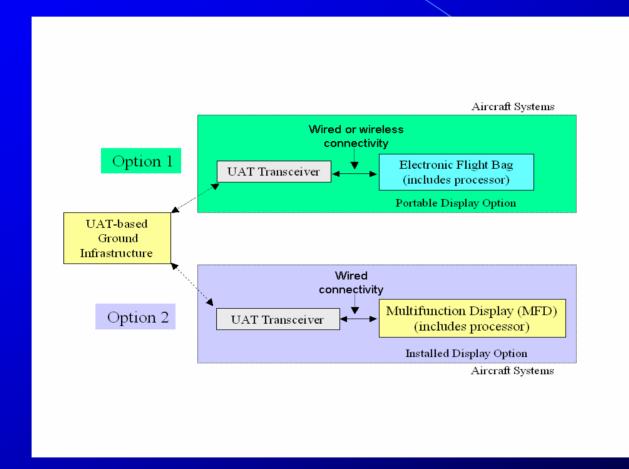
- Create a new AIS / FIS ground server architecture
 - Leverage on-going FAA initiatives
- Allow Internet access by any qualified user during preflight planning process
- Provide for direct electronic database updates prior to pushback and prior to flight while operating on the airport surface
- Use ADS-B broadcast services (or other suitable RF links) to update onboard databases during flight

OVERVIEW

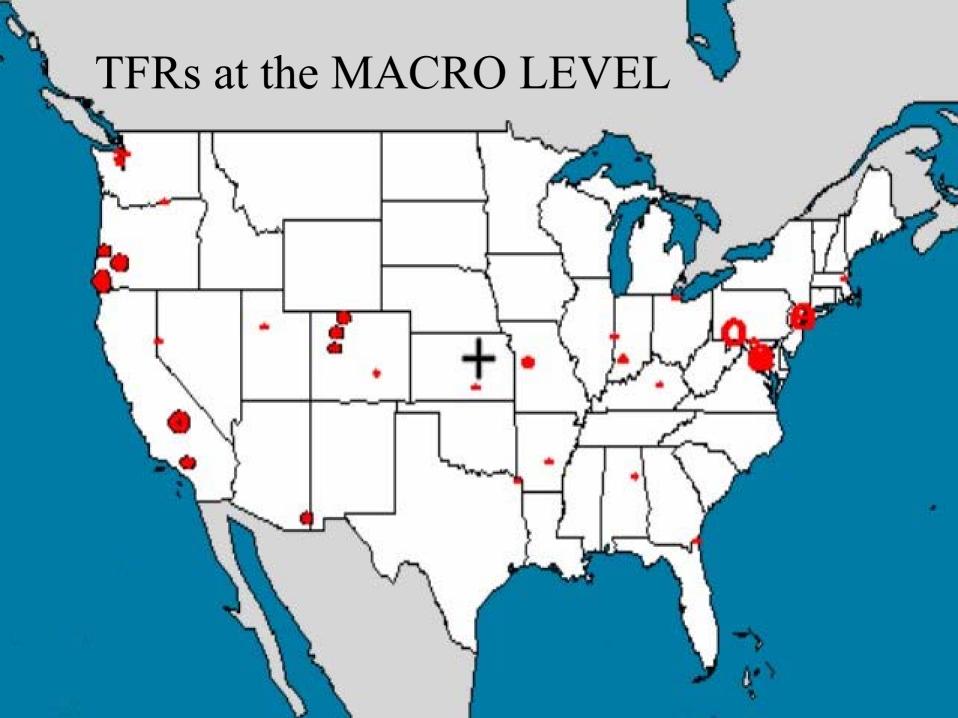


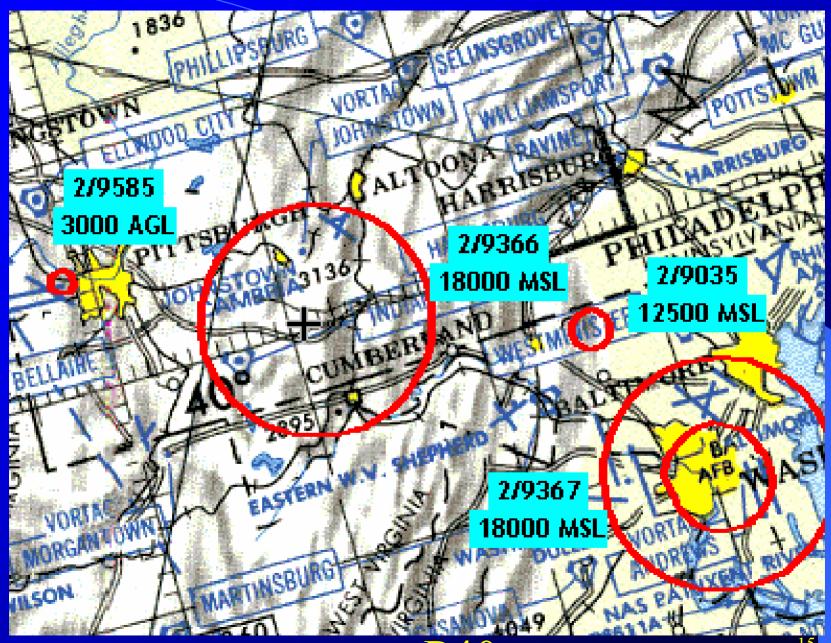
Data Sources for FIS/AIS Annex 15 Compliant: Includes Aeronautical Aviation database updates prior to flight, i.e., CD-Charting, Navigation Databases and Terrain/ ROM, flash memory, floppy. Highest integrity needed for highest level applications. Temporal Obstacle/Noise/Airport Map Databases. accuracy based on UTC. **Data Sources** FIS/AIS Servers National Flight Data Operated by other Center (NFDC) States (e.g., TFRs, GPS Electronic Media outages, other NOTAMs) Aeronautical and Flight Information Services (AIS/FIS) FAA Charting (AVN) (e.g., SIAPs, charts) ATC System Command Distribution Center (ATCSCC) On-Ramp Wireless Media Network (former "Central Flow Control") (e.g., ground AIRAC Changes delay programs, SWAP) (Database subscription provider.) FIS/AIS Server User Input Terminal Public Web Servers (e.g., airport status direct from apt ops. and other outlets Other Media SNOWTAMs) (including AFSS and DUATS). **FMS** Military Airspace Management System (e.g., SUA updates) **GOALS** 1. Make FIS/AIS data available to all users Cabin Service Provider Application Dept. of Interior/Bureau of as soon as it is available for distribution. 2-way Satellite Broadband (IP) Processing Land Management/ 2. Shrink the AIRAC cycle from 28 days to National Fire Center Display System something less. (Updates referenced to (e.g., fire-fighting TFRs) effective date/time and with integrity levels Flight Information Services (FIS) WX required for intended function.) Make update Aircraft sensors cycle based on AIRAC+1. Systems Weather Products Satellite Broadcast Subnet (to include automated rapid-update surface Need to harmonize existing commercial processes observations, RVR trend for updating FIS/AIS database content. data, etc.) **UAT Subnet** * See http://airspace.blm.gov

Simplified Example





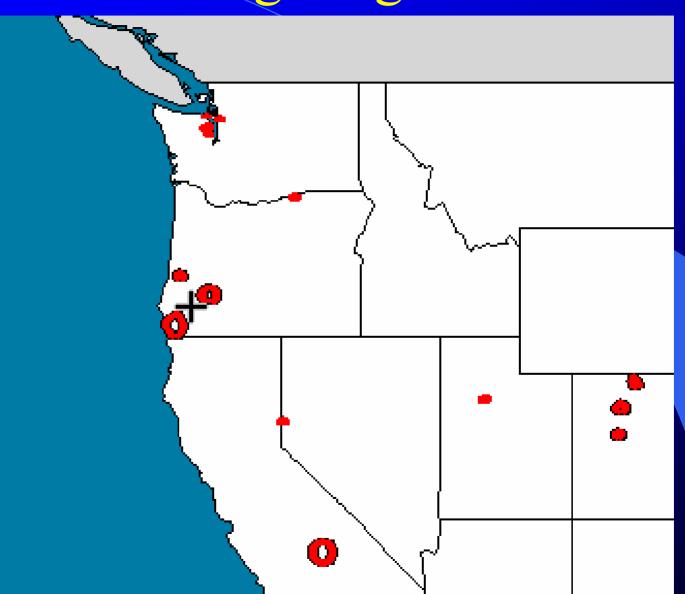




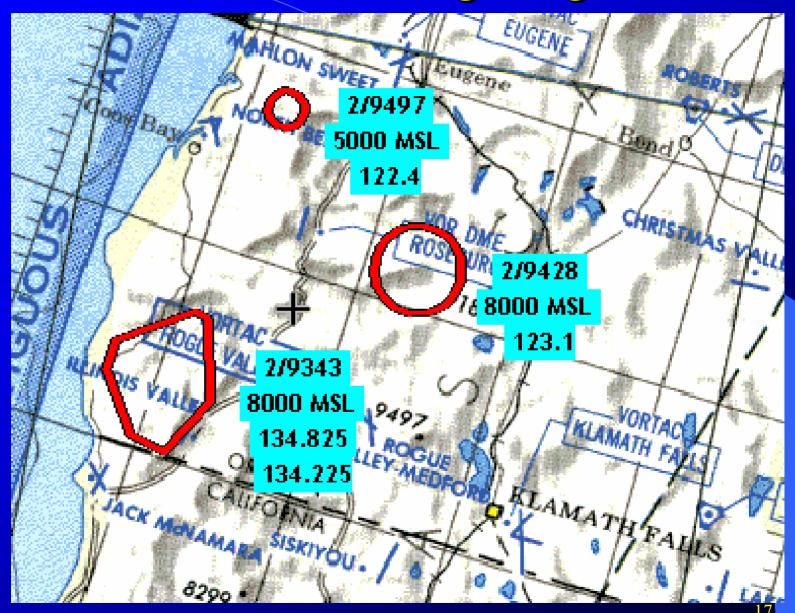
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Fire-Fighting TFRs



Micro Level Fire-Fighting TFRs



Paraphrased Text Sample

DC Area

Fire-Fighting

2/1369 - FLIGHT RESTRICTIONS WASHINGTON. DC. EFFECTIVE IMMEDIATELY UNTIL FURTHER NOTICE, PURSUANT TO SPECIAL FEDERAL AVIATION REGULATION 94 (SFAR 94). ENHANCED SECURITY PROCEDURES FOR OPERATIONS AT CERTAIN AIRPORTS IN THE WASHINGTON D.C. METROPOLITAN AREA SPECIAL FLIGHT RULES AREA. AND 14 CFR SECTION 99.7. SPECIAL SECURITY INSTRUCTIONS. UNLESS SPECIFICALLY AUTHORIZED BY THE FAA IN CONSULTATION WITH THE UNITED STATES SECRET SERVICE, ALL PARTS 91, 103, 105, 125, 133, 135, 137 FLIGHT OPERATIONS ARE PROHIBITED WITHIN THE WASHINGTON D.C. METROPOLITAN AREA SPECIAL FLIGHT RULES AREA. AS DESCRIBED IN SFAR 94, AN AREA BOUNDED BY A LINE BEGINNING AT THE WASHINGTON (DCA) VOR/DME 300 DEGREE RADIAL AT 15 NM. THENCE CLOCKWISE ALONG THE DCA 15 NM ARC FROM THE SURFACE UP TO BUT NOT INCLUDING FL180. WIE UNTIL UFN

2/9343 - OR., FINGHT RESTRICTIONS GOLD BEACH, OR. EFFECTIVE IMMEDIATELY UNTIL FURTHER NOTICE. PURSUANT TO 14 CFR SECTION 91.137A(2), TEMPORARY FLIGHT RESTRICTIONS ARE IN EFFECT FROM 423900N/1235300W (OED267044) TO 423837N/1234840W (OED267041) TO 421730N/1233700W (OED233033) TO 420000N/1234730W (OED217049) TO 420116N/1240125W (OED224056) TO AT AND BELOW 8000 FT MSL TO PROVIDE A SAFE ENVIRONMENT FOR FIRE FIGHTING AIRCRAFT OPERATIONS, U.S. FOREST SERVICEIS IN CHARGE OF ON SCENE EMERGENCY RESPONSE ACTIVITIES. MC MINNVILLE IS THE FAA COORDINATION FACILITY. WIE UNTIL UFN

DISCUSSION...